

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

## 1.1 Product identifier

## Product name TBC (Total Bathroom Cleaner)

Synonyms NON STICK NANO COATING • ES01 - PRODUCT CODE • TBC

#### 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses DISINFECTANT • PROTECTIVE COATING • TOILET & BATHROOM CLEANER

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	LEFT PILLAR PTY LTD TA'S SHIELD CHEMICALS		
Address	Unit 7/37 Anzac Avenue Smeaton Grange Sydney, NSW, 2567, AUSTRALIA		
Telephone	1300 519 074		
Email	info@krystalshield.com.au		
Website	www.krystalshield.com.au		

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

1300 519 074

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

#### **Physical Hazards**

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

#### **Health Hazards**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2 Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

#### **Environmental Hazards**

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

#### 2.2 GHS Label elements

Pictograms



WARNING

Hazard statements

H315 H319

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

## **Prevention statements**

P264Wash thoroughly after handling.P280Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.



#### **Response statements**

P302 + P352 P305 + P351 + P338

P321 P332 + P337 + P313 P362 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.

3 If skin or eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

#### Storage statements

None allocated.

#### **Disposal statements**

None allocated.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

# 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
PHOSPHORIC ACID	7664-38-2	231-633-2	<20%
PROPRIETARY INGREDIENT(S)	-	-	<15%
FRAGRANCE(S)	-	-	<1%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	Remainder

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
First aid facilities	Eye wash facilities should be available.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to the eyes and skin.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition. Contact with most metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

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# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with sodium bicarbonate or 50-50 mixture of sodium carbonate and calcium hydroxide. Collect for complete neutralisation and appropriate disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation systems.

#### 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

## Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingreatent		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Phosphoric acid	SWA [AUS]		1		3

#### **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

## PPE

Eye / Face	Wear splash-proof goggles.
Hands	Wear PVC or rubber gloves.
Body	Wear coveralls.
Respiratory	Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type B (Inorganic gases and vapours) respirator. If spraying, with prolonged use, or if in confined areas, wear an Air-line respirator.



# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties



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Appearance	REDDISH-PINK LIQUID		
Odour	HONEYSUCKLE ODOUR		
Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE		
Flash point	NOT RELEVANT		
Boiling point	100°C (Approximately)		
Melting point	< 0°C		
Evaporation rate	AS FOR WATER		
рН	< 2		
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE		
Specific gravity	1 (Approximately)		
Solubility (water)	SOLUBLE		
Vapour pressure	18 mm Hg @ 20°C		
Upper explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT		
Lower explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT		
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE		
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE		
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE		
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE		
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE		
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE		
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE		
9.2 Other information			
% Volatiles	> 60 % (Water)		
	· /		

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide) and metals.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient		Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
PHOSPHORIC ACID		1530 mg/kg (rat)	2740 mg/kg (rabbit)	3846 mg/m³ (rat)
Skin	Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain and rash.			
Eye	Causes serious eye irritation. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.			
Sensitisation	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.			
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.			
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen.			
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.			
STOT - single	Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level exposure may result in			

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exposurebreathing difficulties.STOT - repeated<br/>exposureNot classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure. Adverse effects are generally associated<br/>with single exposure.AspirationNot classified as causing aspiration.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Phosphoric acid is hazardous to aquatic life at high concentrations. While acidity may be reduced by natural water minerals, the phosphate may persist indefinitely. When spilled onto soil, it will permeate downward, and may dissolve some of the soil matter, especially carbonate-based materials. Some acid will be neutralised, however significant amounts will remain for transport to groundwater.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposalFor small amounts (as determined by risk assessment or similar): Wearing the protective equipment detailed<br/>above, neutralise to pH 6-8 by SLOW addition to a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution or similar basic<br/>solution. Dilute with excess water and flush to drain. Waste disposal should only be undertaken in a well<br/>ventilated area. For larger amounts: Dispose in accordance with local regulations.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.3 Transport hazard class	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

No information provided.

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None allocated.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**Poison schedule** Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

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Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

ACIDS: When mixing acids with water (diluting), caution must be taken as heat will be generated Additional information which causes violent spattering. Always add a small volume of acid to a large volume of water, NEVER the reverse. RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made. HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate. ACGIH Abbreviations American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds CNS Central Nervous System EC No - European Community Number EC No. EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods) **Globally Harmonized System** GHS GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose Milligrams per Cubic Metre mg/m<sup>3</sup> OEL **Occupational Exposure Limit** relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly pН alkaline). Parts Per Million ppm Short-Term Exposure Limit STEL STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons Safe Work Australia SWA Threshold Limit Value TIV Time Weighted Average TWA



**Report status** 

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

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